

# Straw Hat Farms

*of Marion County, IA*



## Bedding Plant Catalog 2023 Growing Season

*Please note—The purpose of our catalog is to give you basic information about the bedding plants we offer this year. We have supplied pictures as best we can of each specific variety that will give you an idea of what the plants and flowers will look like as you plan your flower beds. We will use as many pictures as we can of our own plants, but in some cases we have used other pictures. The best way to tell for sure what a plant is like is to come see them in person!*

*We have discovered many very good websites with great information on growing flowers. By visiting these websites and a few minutes of preparation you can greatly increase your chances of having a spectacular flower bed. We have listed some of the links on our website on the **HINTS** page.*

## NEW VARIETIES OF BEDDING PLANTS OFFERED IN 2023

(Pictures of each variety and a more thorough description are provided in the main part of the catalog.)

Each year we spend several hours learning about new varieties, reviewing the previous year's offerings and listening to your comments about plants you like. This results in changes to our catalog of plants we will have available to offer you. 2023 is no exception. Listed below are the new varieties of bedding plants we are planning to have this year.

### New Never Before Offered Varieties for 2023:

Alyssum - Clear Crystal Purple shades

Begonia - Nonstop- If your looking for eye catching color in a shady area- non stops are for you!

Rose

Salmon

White

Impatiens - More varieties and colors are being developed that are resistant to Downy mildew, so we have expanded our offerings.

Imara mix

Double Hybrid Athena Mix

Lantana - Pink

Marigold - Vanilla - The bright white marigolds are back!

Durango Flame

Durango Red

Melampodium - Jackpot Gold

Petunia - Hurrah Pink

Salvia - Vista Red/white

## Pricing:

We grow the annuals in 4 sizes to fit your needs and the needs of the plant.

4 packs

Jumbo 6 packs

3 ½" Pots

4 inch square or round pots

All of our 4 paks, flowers and vegetables, are \$2.50

(Full flats (12-4 packs) any combination \$27.50)

(Individual plants 75 cents each.)

Jumbo Six packs - \$9.00

3 ½' pots - \$3.50 each

4" Pots

Square - \$3.75

(Flat of 15 any combination, square pots \$53)

Round - \$4.50

(Flat of 15 any combination, round pots \$63)

Purple Fountain Grass 4" Round \$5.00

Red Star Cordyline Spike 4" Round \$5.00

Mandevilla \$8.00

Geraniums (2 sizes)

Small \$4.50

Large \$12.50

See individual plant listing below for sizes

# CATALOG of BEDDING PLANTS

## OFFERED by STRAW HAT FARMS IN

### 2023

#### Ageratum: (4 " Square pots)

Aloha Blue

Height 6-8 in., Masses of flowers cover the well branched plants, Full Sun.



Aloha White

Height 6-8 in., Masses of flowers cover the well branched plants, Full Sun.



## Alternanthera (4" square pots)

Purple Prince: Beautiful Purple foliage with red tints.



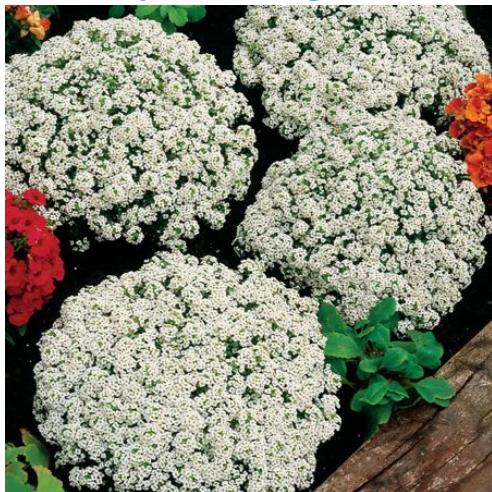
Thrives in full blast heat and sun; requires little water, disease-resistant.

Plant spread: 18 - 20 inches

Plant height: 10-16"

## Alyssum:(4 packs)

Snow Crystals Height 4-10", Spread 8-10" Mound shaped, Sun



### Clear Crystal Purple Shades



## Angelonia: (4" round pots)

Long-blooming, sun-loving, heat- and humidity-tolerant annual  
White, Pink, or Purple



## **Bacopa:(4" round pots)**

lower-happy trailing plant that blooms profusely in spring and fall and even intermittently through summer. It thrives in sun or shade, seems untroubled by pests and diseases, and has tireless bloom strength.

Great for planters on the deck, and window boxes!

Snowtopia



## **Begonia: (4" Round Pots)**

**Nonstop Begonia -** Nonstop begonia requires shade to part shade or at least four hours of indirect or dappled sunlight daily. Soil and water needs are average and this plant grows in rich, well-draining soil. Nonstop begonias are known to be heavy feeders, so apply diluted fertilizer regularly.

Yellow, Red, Rose, Salmon or White(4" Round Pots)



Basket from Straw Hat Farms



Rose

Salmon

White

Calibrachoa: (4" Round pots) are found across much the same region of South America as petunias, from southern Brazil across to Peru and Chile, inhabiting scrub and open grassland.

Growing Conditions:

- **Light:** Sun/Part Sun
- **Soil:** fertile, very well drained
- **pH:** 5.5-6
- **Moisture:** Do not over water, Tolerates dry conditions even better than petunia.

**Deep Yellow**



**Compact Double Red**



Neo Orange Red Eye



Minifamous Dark Blue

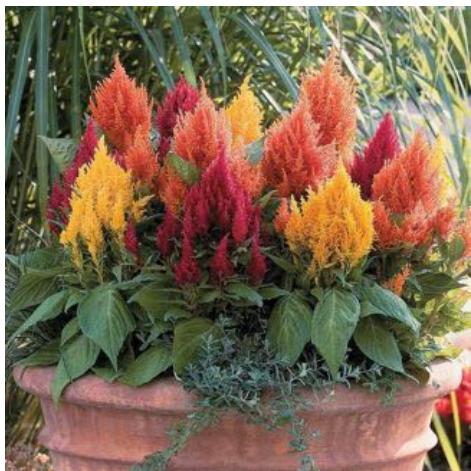


**Celosia: (4 packs)** a small genus of edible and Ornamental plants in the Amaranth family, Amaranthaceae. The generic name is derived from the Greek word κηλος (kelos), meaning "burned," and refers to the flame-like flower heads. Species are commonly known as woolflowers, or, if the flower heads are crested by Fasciation, cockscombs. The plants are well known in East Africa's highlands and are used under their Swahili name, mfungu.

Growing Conditions:

- **Light:** Sun
- **Soil:** Rich
- **pH:** 7
- **Moisture:** Medium
- **Likes hot sunny areas**

**Fresh Look Mix**



**First Flame Purple**



## Celosia Dragon's Breath



This variegated Cockscomb offers red-hot plumes above olive-green leaves edged in and shot with red accents. A late-flowering variety, it holds beautifully, thrives in heat and humidity, and doesn't mind drying out a bit between waterings. Dragon's Breath is a magnificent presence. It grows quickly and flowers over a long, late season, extending the glory of the Celosias into fall. And there is simply nothing like it in terms of eye-popping, irresistible color.

Reaching 2 feet high in bloom, Dragon's Breath actually increases its leaf and flower production in hot, humid weather, and likes its soil on the dry side. Many container annuals simply cannot last in the punishing conditions of August, but Dragon's Breath prefers the soil to dry a bit between waterings, so those sweltering days are no problem. Amazing!

The variegated foliage is another boon, keeping Dragon's Breath handsome both before and after bloom as well as during its long show of color. You will love the red-and-green mix on these leaves: it shades rather than outlines, so you can't really tell where the green ends and red begins!

Plant Height 24 in

Light Requirements Full Sun

Moisture Requirements Dry, Moist, well-drained

Resistance Drought Tolerant, Heat Tolerant, Humidity Tolerant

Soil Tolerance Normal, loamy

**Coleus:** (4" pots and 4 packs see variety below for size) Native to Tropical Africa, Asia, Australia, the East Indies, the Malay Archipelago, and the Philippines. These plants are grown for their multi-colored foliage.

Traditionally coleus are thought of as plants that thrive in the shade. However, in recent years plant breeders have developed varieties that also thrive in the sun. We have noted this in the variety description.

These plants will flower but the flowers are unattractive and appear at the top of the plant. Multiple blooms can be present. As these blooms occur, pinch them off and discard them. This will encourage the plant to branch and become fuller.

## 4 Packs:

**Black Dragon:(4 packs) Height 12-14", sun to part shade**



**Fairway Mix:(4 packs) Height 8", Part sun to shade**



**Wizard Coral sunrise: (4 packs) 12-14 in tall, sun to shade,space 10-14", late to flower**



**Wizard Sunset (4 packs) Height 10-16" sun to shade**



**Wizard Mix:(4 packs), Height 12 - 14", shade**



## 4" Square Pots:

**Chocolate Covered Cherry Coleus (4" Pots) Height 12 - 14", sun to shade**



Chocolate Covered Cherry Coleus is a dwarf variety of sun coleus that holds its color throughout the season. The colorful leaves have rose in the middle surrounded by a dark mahogany shade and are edged by a thin band of green. Sun Coleus has attractive foliage that add contrast to landscapes and containers. They are called 'Sun Coleus' due to the ability of these varieties to perform well in full sun and should not be confused with regular coleus varieties that require shade. Sun Coleus are probably one of the easiest annuals to grow.

## **KONG JR. COLEUS - Super color for shady spots**

After all the new sun-loving coleus varieties were introduced during the past few years, along comes the perfect coleus for shady spots – Coleus Kong Jr. Available in a handful of stunning colors and patterns that range from bright chartreuse to deep red, Kong Jr. is a versatile, easy-to-grow plant.

Coleus Kong Jr. can grow to 22" tall and up to 24" wide, adding big blocks of colorful, heart-shaped foliage to the shade garden. Plant Kong Jr. where it can really shine, like near entryways, under trees, behind smaller annuals in a flowerbed, and in mixed or specimen patio containers.

A few tricks will keep Coleus Kong Jr. looking good. Remove any flower stems as soon as they develop, which encourages larger foliage. A little plant food throughout the growing season will also help Kong Jr. reach its maximum size.

**Kong Jr. Scarlet (4" square pots), Height 18 - 24", part sun to shade**



## Kong Jr. Rose (4" square Pots), Height 18 -24", part sun to shade



## 4" Round Pots:

### **Under the Sea Mix (4" Round Pots)**



## **Trailing Coleus:**

Elegant trailing habit, Sun tolerant, The absolute best for cascading over the sides of containers of all types, Small, neat leaves of bright magenta-purple tinged with silvery white!

Trails up to 2 feet long, Beautiful and versatile in the garden as well as containers

Insignificant flower spikes arise in late summer, Pinching the flowers helps keep the foliage showy

Try planting among ornamental grasses and flowering annuals

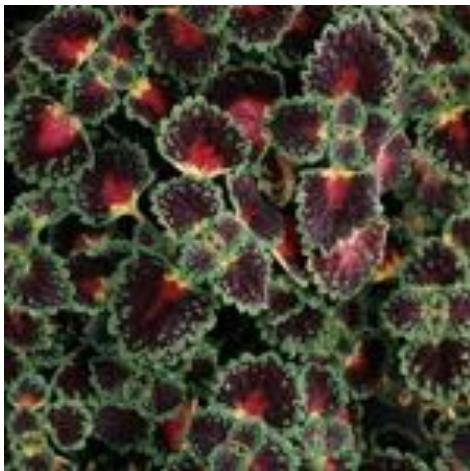
Height: 10 inches   Spread: 24 inches   Deer Resistant

Flower Color: White (insignificant)

Bloom Season: Summer   Nature Attractions: Butterflies, Hummingbirds

Sun Exposure: Full Sun, Partial Shade, Full Shade

**Trailing Lava Rose (4" Round pots)**



**Trailing Plum (4" Round pots)**



## **Cuphea- Mexican Heather: (4" round pots)**

Prized for its lacy foliage and numerous jewel-like flowers, cuphea, commonly called Mexican heather, makes an ideal container or border plant. Growing just 10 to 18 inches tall, this shrubby, tropical annual is smothered in blooms all summer long. Plus, the flowers are as attractive to butterflies as they are to you. Colors include white, violet, or red. Mix Mexican heather with other annuals or use it to line a garden path or walkway.

Plant Mexican heather in a sunny or partially sunny spot with well-drained soil and feed with a slow-release granular fertilizer at planting time. Mexican heather likes to be watered whenever the surface of the soil feels dry to the touch.



## Dahlia (4" round pots)

### Mix

Double and semi-double blooms in a bright range of colors completely cover these compact 12- to 14-inch plants!

- **Plant Height:** 12 in - 14 in
  - **Plant Width:** 12 in - 14 in
  - **Bloom Size:** 3 in
- 



**Dianthus:** (4 packs) Native mainly to Europe and Asia, with a few species extending south to north Africa, and one species (*D. repens*) in arctic North America. Common names include carnation, pink and sweet William. The name Dianthus is from the Greek words dios ("god") and anthos ("flower"), and was cited by the Greek botanist Theophrastus.

If we have a light winter this plant may survive and come up again the following spring.

### Super Parfait Raspberry

This is one of the Boss's sister's favorite flowers



## Dichondria - Silver Falls (4" Round pots)

Silver Falls' dichondra is a vigorous plant that forms a mass of soft pewter leaves on silver stems in full sun to part shade. The fan-shaped, shimmering silvery leaves are held on plants just 2 inches tall. The trailing stems branch well without pinching. It is heat and drought tolerant and will recover quickly if watered after wilting.



## Dusty Miller:( 4 packs)

### Silverdust

Finely cut, silvery white, velvety foliage on uniform plants.

- Adds contrast and texture to beds and borders.
- Size and uniform habit also make Silverdust perfect for container plantings.



## Euphorbia (4" Round Pots)

Euphorbia plants (*Euphorbia spp.*) also go by the easier to say, but less elegant, name of Spurge. They are a family of plants that may be grown as houseplants or occasionally outdoors. There are many varieties of Euphorbia plants, with fascinating forms that range from shrubs, herbs, or cactus-like specimens. Growing Euphorbias is easy and some are hardy in temperate climates. These are easy to start from seed and propagate from cuttings. Learn how to cultivate a Euphorbia plant that will start conversations and cause second looks. About Euphorbia Plants Euphorbias occur naturally in many parts of the world, but most notably Africa, Asia, Europe and North and South America. The variation of form and size provide a spectacle of plant life. Some are as large as trees and others range as small ground covers. There are over 2,000 species, many of which you will find familiar from interior commercial plantings. Crown of thorns is recognizable by its spiky stems, and donkey spurge is aptly named with thick rope-like stems sprawling away from the plant. Poinsettias are a form of Euphorbia that is recognizable to almost everyone.

### Loreen Compact:



## Evolvulus - Blue My Mind (4" Round Pots) Height 6-12"

These stunning, sky-blue flowers over silver toned foliage might make you think you're dreaming, but they are real! An excellent plant for the south because of its heat, drought, and humidity tolerance.



## Gazania (4 packs)

### Hybrid Kiss Mix

Color: Bronze Shades, Clear Orange, Pink Shades, Yellow, Rose Stripe and White

Plant spread: 6 - 8 inches

Plant height: 8-10"



**Geranium:** (small or large pots) What's commonly called a geranium comes from the Pelargonium genus, which includes several species of plants, which are categorized into different types based on growth habits and propagation. Zonal and seed geraniums are both upright growing geraniums (Pelargonium hortorum), but they have several distinct differences that may make one better for your garden than the other.

We found a good link to explain the difference:

<http://homeguides.sfgate.com/seed-geraniums-vs-zonal-geraniums-42940.html>

We are providing Zonal Geraniums as they produce a slightly better plant and bloom. If you are interested in seed geraniums please let us know and we will ask other growers if they have them available.

Growing Conditions:

**Light:** Part Sun to Full sun

**Soil:** Fertile Soil

**pH:** 7

**Moisture:** Moist to slightly dry.

### Americana:

**Deep Red:** has large, red bloom clusters on dark green foliage. One of the most popular plants for containers, Geraniums are known for their large, vibrant, lollipop blooms. The bloom clusters of the Americana series can get up to 4 or 5 inches across. They will hold together better in the wind, rain and heat without shattering like some varieties. Butterflies and hummingbirds will flock to the fragrant blooms but deer and rabbits tend to stay away.

With its bold color palette and cluster design, zonal geraniums are certainly an eye-catching gem in either a garden environment or all on its own. Cooler weather often brings out reddish ring patterns in the foliage commonly referred to as 'zones' hence the name 'zonal'.



**White:** Spectacular White Blooms



**Violet**



**Pink:** Outstanding Color



Salmon



Light pink splash



**Gerbera Daisy:** (4" Round Pots) Gerbera jamesonii, or Gerbera Daisy, is a perennial herb native to South Africa. Gerbera is a tender annual plant. It is attractive to bees, butterflies and/or birds, but resistant to deer. They will bloom from mid-April to October.

**Growing Conditions:**

**Light:** Sun

**Soil:** Rich

**pH:** 7

**Moisture:** Wet, Medium, Well-Drained

**Royal Premium mix**



## Gomphrena ( 4 Packs) (Straw Flower)

**Bloom Characteristics:** Flowers are good for drying and preserving

**Water Requirements:** Drought-tolerant; suitable for xeriscaping

**Sun Exposure:** Full Sun

**Foliage:** Velvet/Fuzzy-Textured

### Gnome mix

**Height:** under 6 in. (15 cm)

**Spacing:** 9-12 in. (22-30 cm)



### Ping Pong Mix

Height: 18 in.

Spacing: 18-24in.



## **Impatiens: (4 packs)**

### **Imara:**

Beautiful and bountiful blooms are found in the Impatiens Imara XDR . This is the first Impatiens Walleriana with a high degree of resistance to downy mildew. This high density, easy to grow plant is ideal as a shade bedding plant or complement to any patio pot. They are 10-12" high and spread 10-12".

Imara Rose



Imara White



Imara Pink



Imara Purple



Imara Orange



Imara Red Star



Imara Mix



Double Hybrid Athena Mix

## **New Guinea Impatiens:** (4 “ Round Pots)

New Guineas like it somewhat dry so plant them in a well-drained area.

### **Divine white - A pure white bloom to compliment or colors**



### **Sonic Bright Pink**



### **Sonic Orange**



### **Sonic Deep Purple**



## **Juncus Twisted Arrows (4" Round Pots)**

**Twisted Arrows** is part of the novel **Fuseables** program where two different species of **Juncus** are commingled into one multi-seed pellet to deliver an eye-catching dual effect. **Juncus Blue Arrows** is mixed with **effusus spiralis** (curly juncus), creating a blue and green color contrast, along with an arresting plant habit of straight and twisted. To show off the best merits of the two varieties, **Twisted Arrows** is recommended for mixed or single containers or planters.

**Color:** Blue and green color contrast



## **Lemongrass (3 1/2" Pots)**



This clump-forming perennial resembles an ornamental grass with its aromatic cane-like stems arising from a central base. The lemon-scented, linear, strap leaves reach 3 feet long, falling over at the tip. It is a honey bee magnet, and a useful addition to any garden friendly to butterflies, bees, and other wildlife.

Lemongrass thrives in moist soil and full sun, growing 3 to 5 feet tall within a single season. The seed germinates in 7 to 14 days, and the plant reaches a good size for picking about 3 months later. If you begin the seeds indoors, transplant the young plants at about 6 inches high.

## Ornamental Kale (3 ½" Pots)

**Nagoya Mix:** Blend of red, white and rose centered kales with greenish purple outer leaves.



**Lantana:** (4" Round pots) native to [tropical](#) regions of the [Americas](#) and [Africa](#) but exist as an [introduced species](#) in numerous areas, especially in the [Australian-Pacific](#) region. The name originated in [Late Latin](#), where it refers to the unrelated [\*Viburnum lantana\*](#).<sup>11</sup>

Lantana's aromatic [flower](#) clusters (called [umbels](#)) are a mix of red, orange, yellow, or blue and white [florets](#). The flowers typically change color as they mature, resulting in [inflorescences](#) that are two- or three-colored. A common name for *Lantana camara* is "Ham 'n Eggs" due to the adjacent pink and yellow inflorescences.

### Growing Conditions:

- Light: Sun, Like warm weather
- Soil: Well Drained
- pH: 7
- Moisture: Once a week after well established
- Light fertilizer

Pineapple



Lavender



Bandana Pink



## Licorice (4" Round Pots) (Helichrysum):

A plant much admired for the beauty of its blooms, Helichrysum comes from the Greek word helisso (meaning "to turn around") and chrysos (meaning "gold"). Europeans historically used Helichrysum as an anti-inflammatory. Native to Africa, it has also been used by East and West African cultures, and is particularly wide-spread in its use in traditional Southern African tribal medicine. The Xhosa tribe used it to treat wounds topically, and the Zulu and Xhosa burned the leaves of the plant as an incense for ceremonial rituals. Historically, it was also revered as a powerful aphrodisiac for attracting a lover. Medically, it has been used as a traditional herb for chest complaints, [colic](#), fever, internal sores, coughs, [colds](#), headaches and topical uses.

Growing Conditions:

**Light:** Part Sun to Full sun

**Soil:** Does best in clay, loam and sandy soil. This plant is tolerant of poor soil.

**Moisture:** Slightly Dry, licorice vine likes its soil to dry out slightly, it may be necessary to water every day in summer when growing licorice plant in containers.

• **Height:** 2-3 Ft

**Licorice Silver**



**Licorice Icicles**



**Lobelia:** (4 packs) a Genus of Flowering plant comprising 360–400 species, primarily in tropical to warm temperate regions of the world, a few species extending into cooler temperate regions.<sup>[1]</sup> English names include **Lobelia**, **Asthma Weed**, **Indian Tobacco**, **Pukeweed**, and **Vomitwort**.

#### Growing Conditions:

- **Cultivation:** Easy-To-Grow
- **Light:** Sun
- **Soil:** Rich
- **pH:** 7
- **Moisture:** Medium
- [Regatta Midnight Blue](#): We really like this rich blue flower.



[Regatta Blue Splash- A Milder blue](#)



[Regatta White - Lots of white on a dainty Plant](#)



## Mandevilla - Pink or Red

Mandevilla, also known as rocktrumpet, is a genus of [flowering vines](#) that grow in tropical and subtropical climates. The five-petal flowers are often showy and fragrant, typically coming in shades of pink, red, and white, occasionally with yellow throats. They generally bloom in summer and can stretch into fall, though in warm climates they can bloom year-round. Their foliage is a glossy green.



**Marigolds :** (4 Packs) There are 2 types of Marigolds, African and French (or English) the differences are minimal but affect the temperature the plants prefer. The common name in English, "marigold", is derived from "Mary's Gold", a name once exclusively applied to Calendula. In Nepal it is called 'शयपत्री' that means hundred leafed flower, referring to its many florets per head.

The cultivated varieties are known variously as marigolds or variously as Mexican marigolds (or Cempasúchil), African marigolds (usually referring to cultivars and hybrids of *Tagetes erecta*, although this species is not native to Africa), or French marigolds (usually referring to hybrids and cultivars of *Tagetes patula*, many of which were developed in France although the species is not native to that country). *Tagetes minuta* is a Naturalized species in Africa, Hawaii, and Australia, and is considered an Invasive species - Weed in some regions.

*Tagetes* is not to be confused with the genus *Calendula*, which goes by "marigold" in some areas. Marigolds are a Genus of 56 species of annual and perennial mostly Herbaceous plants in the sunflower family (Asteraceae or Compositae). They are native to the New World (North and South America) but have become naturalized around the world, and are considered a noxious invasive plant in many localities.

## African:

### Antigua

**Antigua** is known for blooming longer than any other Marigold. The 3" yellow flowers are gorgeous. Overall the plants are tough, compact and have a dense habit. These plants will reach 12-16" in height. Where marigolds go butterflies follow

### Antigua Yellow



Antigua Orange



African- French Hybrid:

Vanilla - A pure white bloom



## French:

A garden favorite for their brightly-colored flowers, French marigolds are also easy to grow and care for. These heat-loving annuals last the entire growing season, blooming away until frost.

### Janie - Bright Yellow - Height 6-7"



Fireball - Height 10-12": Watch the different colors develop on the same plant.



Strawberry Blonde: Height 8-10" , 2 ½" multicolored blooms on 1 plant.



Janie Deep Orange - Height 8-10"



Alumina Vanilla Cream: Height 10-12", Spread 10-14"



Durango Flame: Height 10-12", Spread 6-10"



Durango Red: Height 10-12", Spread 6-10"



### Nicotiana - Saratoga mix (4 packs)

Bushy plants are easy to manage and bloom in packs and small containers. Eye-catching flowers are held upright for maximum visual impact. Great when used in sunny or shaded gardens and as accent plants in combinations.

**Habit: Upright**

**Height: 10-12"**

**Exposure:**

**Sun to Partial Shade**

**Width:**

**10-12"**



## Ornamental Millet - Jade Princess (3 ½" Pots)

Leaves are chartreuse, with pollenless rich dark plumes. Your compact choice for small containers. Height 24-30 inches



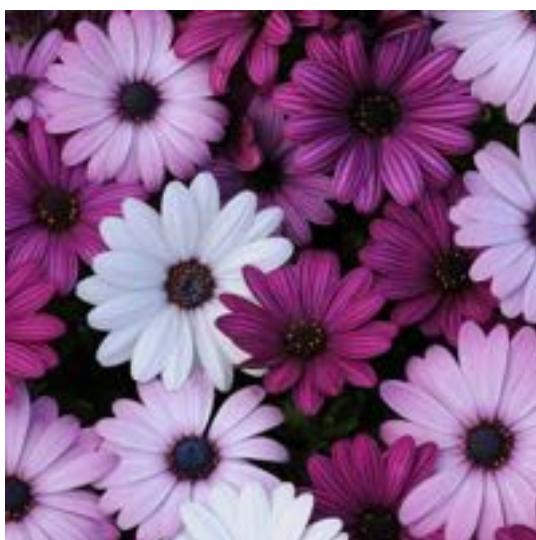
**Osteospermum:** (4" Round Pots) belongs to the Calenduleae genus, one of the smaller tribes of the sunflower family (Asteraceae).

Growing Conditions Light:Part Sun, Sun Height:1 to 3 feet Width:1-2 feet wide

Seasonal Features:Fall Bloom, Spring Bloom, Summer Bloom. Likes cool weather

Special Features:Attracts Birds, Cut Flowers, Good for Containers, Low Maintenance

### Alkilamix



## Purple Fountain Grass (Pennisetum) (4" Round Pots)

A popular drought tolerant grass that forms a tidy, dense clump of purplish maroon blades topped with rose-red plumes. Characteristics. Size: 3 – 4 feet tall by 3 – 4 feet wide. Flowers: Tall, upright purple spikes. Bloom time: July through October.



**Petunia:** Originated in South America, closely related with tobacco, Tomatoes, Potatoes and chili peppers; in the family Solanaceae. The name Petunia is derived from French, which took the word petun, meaning "tobacco."

### **Growing conditions:**

**Light:** Sun, They like the south and west sides of buildings

**Soil:** Rich, If you have clayey soil consider over-excavating the flower bed about 6 inches and replacing the clay with some aged cow manure soil, or potting soil. Break up the clay remaining at the bottom of the bed so the water can drain through.

**pH:** 7

**Moisture:** Medium

**Water hanging baskets daily during hot weather, Petunias like regular fertilizing and water.**

## Wave Petunia (Jumbo 6 Packs or 4" Square pots)

We really enjoy growing wave petunias. They are easy to grow and provide huge amounts of color.

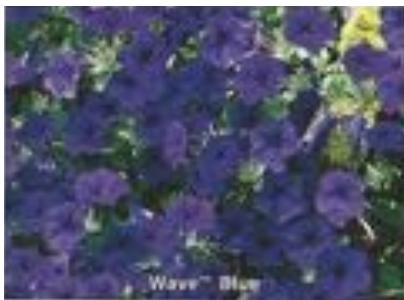
Spreading or wave petunias (sometimes called ground-cover<sup>[4]</sup>) are characterized by their low height (usually about six inches), but a large spread (about three to four feet). They will cover a large area provided they have adequate water and fertilization. ‘Purple Wave’ was the first introduced cultivar of spreading petunias and grows to a height of 4 inches. These plants are great as a ground cover, providing ample color or in a hanging basket (which is where we like them). When the weather gets hot and the plants start looking a little straggly, prune them back to about 10 inches and water and feed them regularly and they will branch out for lots of fall blooms.

### Purple

These are the original colored wave petunia and, as such, we feel they are the hardiest and grow a bit larger and have more flowers than other colors.



**E3 Easy Wave Blue:** A deep blue that some customers say looks more like a purple than purple waves.



**Easy Wave Pink Passion**



Easy wave Plum Vein



Easy Wave Red Velour



E3 Easy Wave White: White waves are probably the most dense blooming wave petunia. The baskets are amazingly uniform!



Easy Wave Yellow: Yellow blooms everywhere.



Easy Wave Burgundy Star - the first-ever striped Easy Wave, of course. With a more mounding, slightly less spreading habit, it sets new blooms from the center as well as the ends of each stem, keeping the planting looking fresh and newly-opened month after month. It reaches 6 to 12 inches high and trailing 2½ to 3 feet.



Easy Wave Lavender Sky Blue - Petunia sets new blooms from the center as well as the ends of each stem, keeping the plant looking fresh and newly-opened month after month. Reaching just 6 to 12 inches high

(depending upon how you choose to grow it) but prepared to spread up to 39 inches wide, this is a nonstop beauty for any sunny setting.



### **Shock Wave Petunia (Jumbo 6 Packs or 4" Square pots)**

The very first Wave to bloom — expect the flowers to begin in late spring instead of early summer! — Shock Wave is a unique member of the Wave family of ever-blooming, trailing petunias. With smaller blooms and a fuller, mounded yet spreading habit, this annual is perfect for tight spaces, combo plantings, baskets, and containers of all types!

Shock Wave® is less sensitive to day-length than the other Waves, which means it blooms earlier and continues longer into autumn. This gives it by far the longest season of any Wave Petunia, and you may find that at some point you want to revive the look of the whole plant. To this, just cut it back, water and feed it well, and within a few weeks you'll have what looks like a brand new Shock Wave, ready for months more of color!

One of Shock Wave's best features is its weather resistance. These blooms stand up to rain and wind even better than the other Petunia Waves, which are known for their bounce-back-ability! Shock Wave is also one of the best for avoiding "empty centers" as new blooms keep appearing in the middle of the plant, even as it trails outward, so it stays fresh looking all season.

### **Shock Wave Denim**



Shock Wave Purple Deep



Shock wave rose



Shock Wave White

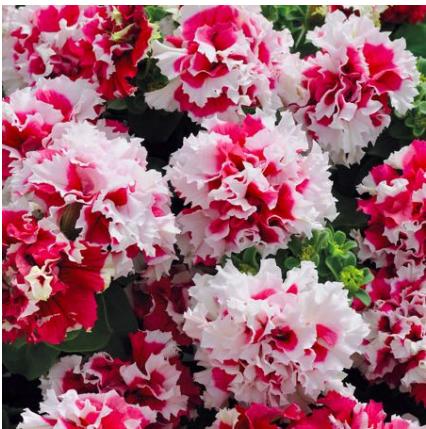


Traditional Petunias: (4 Packs)

Hula Hoop Blue



**Pirouette Red**



**Double Cascade Mix**



**Lime Bicolor**



**Blackberry**



**Antique Shades**



**Opera Supreme Pink Morn**



**Opera Supreme Raspberry Ice**



**Tritunia Star Mix**



**Hurrah Blue**

Hurrah Varieties are 8 -10" High, Spread 12 -14"



**Hurrah Pink**



Hurrah Red



Hurrah White



Madness Yellow



Picotee Red



Daddy Mix Petunia



**Portulaca: (4 Packs) (Rose Moss):** A truly beautiful low growing ground cover type plant, or sometimes known as the sun rose or moss rose. Portulaca plants are native to Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay. Portulaca flowers are easy to grow and enjoy.

Happy hour (mix): This is a more upright variety



Happy Trails mix: A trailing mix of bright rose Moss



**Salvia:** (4 packs) is the largest Genus of plants in the mint family, Lamiaceae, with approximately 700-900 species of Shrubs, herbaceous perennials, and annuals. It is one of several genera commonly referred to as sage. When used without modifiers, sage generally refers to *Salvia officinalis* ("common sage"); however, it is used with modifiers to refer to any member of the genus. The ornamental species are commonly referred to by their genus name *Salvia*. The genus is distributed throughout the Old World and the Americas, with three distinct regions of diversity: Central and South America (approx. 500 species); Central Asia and Mediterranean (250 species); Eastern Asia (90 species).

#### Growing Conditions:

- **Cultivation:** Low-Maintenance, Easy-To-Grow
- **Light:** Sun
- **Soil:** Rich, Mid-Fertility, Poor, Loam, Clay, Sand, Rock
- **pH:** 7
- **Moisture:** Medium, Dry, Well-Drained

**Vista Red: Makes a brilliant field of red.** **Vista Purple**



**Vista Red-White**



**Victoria Blue: These flowers make a true blue display.**



Deep violet-blue color for the summer garden, Victoria is treasured for its large, vividly-colored spikes, arising in great numbers all summer long on compact 18-inch plants. Especially effective in a mass planting, Victoria is an excellent choice for difficult dry spots, sunny meadowlands, and even in the gritty soil along fences and other "trouble spots" in the garden. It combines well with other summer-blooming annuals, Deep Blue is a rare shade in the garden. Not fussy about soil, it flourishes in blazing sun to dappled shade, tolerating heat, drought, and other vagaries of the weather.

Victoria White



#### [Hummingbird Coral Nymph](#)

Salmon and white bicolor flowers. Easy to grow bushy, 2-3 ft. tall, heavy-flowering plants produce brilliant trumpet flowers that hummingbirds love! They flower from spring through fall and show remarkable heat tolerance.



## Scaevola: (4 " Round Pots)

The flower-encrusted, cascading branches of scaevola make it an ideal choice for window boxes, hanging baskets, or tall containers where its trailing form can flow over the container's edge. Scaevola, occasionally called fan flower, is a sun-loving annual that grows 8 to 12 inches tall and produces a non-stop show of blue, pink, or white flowers. Because scaevola is an Australian native the plants are heat tolerant and have almost no insect or disease problems. Scaevola is also self-cleaning so you don't have to remove the dead flowers to keep the plant in production. The plants attract butterflies and are generally avoided by deer.

**Surdiva Blue**



**White**



**Snapdragon:** (4 packs), Named for the flowers' fancied resemblance to the face of a dragon that opens and closes its mouth when laterally squeezed (thus the 'snap').

### **Candy Top Snapdragons:**

**Candy Top Orange - Height 7-8", Spread 6" Full sun to part shade**



Candy Top White- Fun White blooms



Candy Top Rose - A deep rose snap.



**Floral Showers Variety Snapdragon:** are 6 - 8" high, spread 6 - 8", Full Sun

**Floral Showers Lilac**



**Floral Showers Scarlet**



**Floral Showers Yellow**



## **Floral Showers Mix**



**Spike (Dracaena): (4" round Pots)** Dracaenas compose of a large group of popular foliage plants. Most grow strongly upright with long, straplike leaves variegated with white, cream, or red. Dracaenas grow well at average room temperatures but don't like cold drafts. Give plants medium to bright light to maintain the best leaf color. Allow the soil to dry to the touch between waterings.

Growing Conditions:

**Light:** Part Sun to Full sun

**Soil:** Fertile Soil

**pH:** 7

**Moisture:** Moist to slightly dry.



Red Star cordyline

**Sweet Potato Vine** (4" Round pots) (***Ipomoea***): the largest genus in the flowering plant family Convolvulaceae, with over 500 species. Most of these are called "morning glories", but this can refer to related genera also. Those formerly separated in *Calonyction* (Greek *καλός*, kalos, good and *νύκτα*, nycta, night) are called "moonflowers". The generic name is derived from the Greek words *ιπς* (ips) or *ιπος* (ipos), meaning "worm" or "bindweed," and *ὅμοιος* (homoios), meaning "resembling". It refers to their twining habit.<sup>[2]</sup> The genus occurs throughout the tropical and subtropical regions of the world, and comprises annual and perennial herbaceous plants, lianas, shrubs and small trees; most of the species are twining climbing plants.

Marguerite:



Blackie



## Tricolor Ornamental Sweet Potato



Trails out to give contrasting colors.

**Thunbergia:** (3 1/2 " pots) Full sun, Trailing with 5-8 foot vines. 1.25-1.5 in. blooms  
**Sunrise Surprise mix**



Verbena: (4" Round Pots) Verbena Like sun and Slightly dry conditions

Cadet Upright

- Flowers one week earlier than other upright verbena on the market.
- Proven superior powdery mildew resistance

White



Red w/ white eye



**Vinca:** (4 Packs) Native to Europe, northwest Africa and southwest Asia. The name is derived from Latin *vincire*: "to bind, fetter". The English call it periwinkle. Grows 10-12 inches tall.

**Growing Conditions:**

**Light:** Sun, They like the south and west sides of buildings

**Soil:** Vina do well in poor soil, but do not like to be overly wet so well drained soil is important.

**pH:** 7

**Moisture:** Medium

**Punch**



**Burgundy Halo**



Tattoo Blueberry



Titan Lavender Blue



Cora White



Pacifica Blush



Pacifica Really Red



Pacifica Polka Dot



Pacifica Apricot



### Tattoo Black Cherry



### Tattoo Papaya



#### Cora Cascade varieties: (6 Packs)

Hybrid vigor translates to large flowers and thick glossy foliage. Plants are well-branched and start to spread early on, creating a nice mounded trailing habit. Like its upright cousin 'Cora', Cora Cascade varieties also exhibit a very high tolerance to aerial Phytophthora. Trailing vinca are perfect in hanging baskets, window boxes and as spillers in mixed containers. A great full sun option! Annual Vinca, or annual Periwinkle, are heat loving annuals that produce large flat flowers with overlapping petals over glossy green foliage. An easy substitute for impatiens in full sun.

**Cora Cascade Shell Pink**



**Cora Cascade White**



**Cora cascade Rose Bright**



**Cora cascade Violet:**



**Zinnia:** (4 packs) a Genus of 20 species of annual and perennial Plants of family Asteraceae, originally from scrub and dry grassland in an area stretching from the American Southwest to South America, but primarily Mexico, and notable for their solitary long-stemmed flowers that come in a variety of bright colors.

Zinnia leaves are opposite and usually stalkless (sessile), with a shape ranging from linear to ovate, and pale to middle green in color. The flowers have a range of appearances, from a single row of petals, to a dome shape, with the colors white, chartreuse, yellow, orange, red, purple, and lilac.

**Growing Conditions:**

**Light:** Sun

**Soil:** Rich

**pH:** 7

**Moisture:** Slightly Dry

**Zinnita Mix:** This mix will provide you a tremendous mix of color Height 6-8"



### Zinnia – Profusion

These bushy plants, 14 to 18 inches high and 15 to 18 inches wide, are simply smothered nonstop all season with cheerful, 2-inch daisy-formed blooms. The petals are rich golden-orange, and they arise in layers surrounding a bold, eye-catching central cone. This landscaping series is designed for large plantings -- unlike the cut-flower or bedding varieties Profusion is a dense, bushy, many-flowered little plant that covers ground and fills the garden with color Profusion is highly tolerant of powdery mildew (unlike most other Zinnias) and other foliage diseases, and laughs at heat, humidity, and drought. . Zinnias are one of the easiest annuals to grow, and attract butterflies to the garden. They are the perfect cut flower--the more you cut, the more you get! They thrive in the sun and heat of summer, and ask only for well-drained soil. Space the plants generously to prevent overcrowding. When cutting the blooms for the vase, trim off all the foliage; unlike the blooms, it does not age well!

### Profusion Double Fire



**Profusion Double Cherry**



**Profusion Double White**



**Profusion Red**



Profusion Yellow



Profusion Double Salmon



Profusion Red Yellow Bicolor

